

# Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006

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SDS No.: 485549

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Blond Me White Blending Ice

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Blond Me White Blending Ice

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Hair Color/Toner, oxidative dyes

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel AG & Co. KGaA Düsseldorf Germany

Henkelstr. 67

40191 Düsseldorf Phone: +49 211-797-0

#### E-mail address of person responsible for Safety Data Sheet:

Henkel Cosmetics, e-mail: Mustafa. Akram@henkel.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

The Henkel information service also provides an around-the-clock telephone service on phone no.+49-(0)211-797-3350 for exceptional cases.

Further information is available at Poison Control Centers.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Skin irritation Category 2

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage Category 1

Causes serious eye damage.

### 2.2. Label elements (CLP)

#### Hazard pictogram:



Signal word: Danger

**Hazard statement:** H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statement:** Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

**Prevention** P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

**Precautionary statement:** P305+P351+P338+P315 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

EUH208 Contains 2-methyl-p-phenylenediamine sulphate; Resorcinol. May produce an allergic reaction.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Response

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous substances according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	EINECS	REACH-Reg No.	Content	Classification
ammonia, aqueous solution 1336-21-6	215-647-6	01-2119488876-14	>= 5-< 10 %	H290 Corrosive to metals 1 H314 Skin corrosion 1B H400 Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 1
Fatty alcohol, C16-18, ethoxylate 68439-49-6			>= 1-< 3 %	H302 Acute toxicity 4; Oral H318 Serious eye damage 1
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, hydrogen- terminated, polymers with polyethylene glycol bis(2-methyl-2-propen-1-yl) ether, 3- [3-[bis( 1253692-80-6			>= 1-< 3 %	H315 Skin irritation 2 H319 Serious eye irritation 2
2-methyl-p-phenylenediamine sulphate 615-50-9	210-431-8		>= 0,25-< 1 %	H301 Acute toxicity 3; Oral H332 Acute toxicity 4; Inhalation H312 Acute toxicity 4; Dermal H317 Skin sensitizer 1 H411 Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment 2
Resorcinol 108-46-3	203-585-2		>= 0,1-< 0,25 %	H400 Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 1 H302 Acute toxicity 4; Oral H315 Skin irritation 2 H317 Skin sensitizer 1 H318 Serious eye damage 1 H370 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 1

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:

In case of adverse health effects seek medical advice.

Remove casualty immediately from danger zone. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Rinse with running water and soap. Apply replenishing cream. Change all contaminated clothing.

Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a specialist.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth and throat. Drink 1-2 glasses of water. Seek medical advice.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

All common extinguishing agents are suitable.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None known

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The release of following substances is possible in case of fire:

carbon oxides. nitrogen oxides

Sulphur oxides

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear protective equipment.

## Additional information:

Dispose of combustion residues and contaminated fire-fighting water in accordance with statutory regulations.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Inform authorities in the event of product spillage to water courses or sewage systems.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove with liquid-absorbing material (chemical binder)

Dilute small quantities with large amount of water and rinse.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling advice:

Avoid skin and eye contact.

Fire and explosion protection information:

No special measures required if used properly.

Hygiene measures:

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

Immediately remove soiled or soaked clothing.

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Keep away from food, beverages and animal feed.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in sealed original container protected against moisture. Store far from foodstuffs.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Hair Color/Toner, oxidative dyes

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Only relevant for professional/industrial use

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Valid for

Germany

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Remarks
RESORCINOL 108-46-3	10	45	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Resorcinol 108-46-3	4	20	Exposure limit(s):	I If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Resorcinol 108-46-3			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900
Resorcinol 108-46-3			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	TRGS 900

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/suction at the workplace.

Respiratory protection:

Not needed.

#### Hand protection:

For the contact with product protective gloves made from Spezial-Nitril (material thickness > 0.1 mm, break through time > 480 min class 6) are recommended according to EN 374. In the case of longer and repeated contact please note that in practice the penetration times may be considerably shorter than those determined according to EN 374. The protective gloves must always be checked for their suitability for use at the specific workplace (e.g. mechanical and thermal stress, antistatic effects, etc.). The gloves must be replaced immediately at the first signs of wear and tear. We recommend to change single-use protective gloves periodical and a hand care plan in cooperation with a glove manufacturer and the trade association in accordance with the local operating conditions.

Manufacturer e.g. German company KCL, type Dermatril.

> Eye protection: Protective goggles

Skin protection:

Suitable protective clothing

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

The following data apply to the whole mixture:

Appearance cream high viscosity

white/light beige

Odor ammoniacal, floral

pH (20 °C (68 °F)) 10,50 - 11,50 Initial boiling point Not applicable Flash point Not applicable Not applicable Decomposition temperature Vapour pressure Not applicable Density (20 °C (68 °F)) 0,970 - 1,010 g/cm3 Not applicable Bulk density 6.000 - 18.000 mPa.s Viscosity (Haake; Instrument: Haake VT 550; 20 °C (68 °F);

speed of rotation: 8 min-1; Rotary measuring system: MV II)

Viscosity (kinematic) Not applicable Explosive properties Not applicable Solubility (qualitative) (20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water) Miscible Solidification temperature Not applicable Melting point Not applicable Flammability Not applicable Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable Explosive limits Not applicable Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable Evaporation rate Not applicable Vapor density Not applicable

Oxidising properties Not applicable Container pressure Not applicable

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

None if used for intended purpose.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

None known.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity None known.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## Acute oral toxicity:

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		
ammonia, aqueous			oral			
solution						
1336-21-6						
Fatty alcohol, C16-18,	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	oral		rat	
ethoxylate						
68439-49-6						
Siloxanes and Silicones,			oral			
di-Me, hydrogen-						
terminated, polymers with						
polyethylene glycol bis(2-						
methyl-2-propen-1-yl)						
ether, 3-[3-[bis(						
1253692-80-6						
2-methyl-p-	LD50	98 mg/kg	oral		rat	
phenylenediamine						
sulphate						
615-50-9					1	

## Acute dermal toxicity:

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		
ammonia, aqueous			dermal			
solution						
1336-21-6						
Fatty alcohol, C16-18,			dermal			
ethoxylate						
68439-49-6						
Siloxanes and Silicones,			dermal			
di-Me, hydrogen-						
terminated, polymers with						
polyethylene glycol bis(2-						
methyl-2-propen-1-yl)						
ether, 3-[3-[bis(						
1253692-80-6						

## Acute inhalative toxicity:

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Route of	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		application	time		
ammonia, aqueous			inhalation			
solution						
1336-21-6						
Fatty alcohol, C16-18,			inhalation			
ethoxylate						
68439-49-6						
Siloxanes and Silicones,			inhalation			
di-Me, hydrogen-						
terminated, polymers with						
polyethylene glycol bis(2-						
methyl-2-propen-1-yl)						
ether, 3-[3-[bis(						
1253692-80-6					[	

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## Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Fatty alcohol, C16-18,	slightly irritating	4 h	rabbit	EU Method B.4 (Acute
ethoxylate				Toxicity: Dermal Irritation /
68439-49-6				Corrosion)

## Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Fatty alcohol, C16-18,	highly irritating		rabbit	
ethoxylate				
68439-49-6				

## Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Fatty alcohol, C16-18, ethoxylate 68439-49-6	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisat ion test	guinea pig	Magnusson and Kligman Method
Resorcinol 108-46-3	sensitising	Mouse local lymphnod e assay (LLNA)	mouse	

## Germ cell mutagenicity:

Hazardous substances	Result	Type of study /	Metabolic	Species	Method
CAS-No.		Route of	activation /		
		administration	Exposure time		
Fatty alcohol, C16-18,	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
ethoxylate		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
68439-49-6		Ames test)			Assay)

## Repeated dose toxicity

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	ResultValue	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
ammonia, aqueous solution 1336-21-6					
Fatty alcohol, C16-18, ethoxylate 68439-49-6					
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, hydrogen- terminated, polymers with polyethylene glycol bis(2- methyl-2-propen-1-yl) ether, 3-[3-[bis( 1253692-80-6					
2-methyl-p- phenylenediamine sulphate 615-50-9					

## Reproductive toxicity:

Hazardous substances	Result / Classification	Species	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.			time		
Resorcinol	NOAEL P 3.000 mg/l	two-		rat	OECD Guideline 416 (Two-
108-46-3		generation			Generation Reproduction
		study			Toxicity Study)
		oral:			
		drinking			
		water			

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

The ecological evaluation of the product is based on data from the raw material and/or comparable substances.

## **Toxicity (Fish):**

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
ammonia, aqueous solution 1336-21-6	LC50	0,16 - 1,1 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Salmo gairdneri (new name: Oncorhynchus mykiss)	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Fatty alcohol, C16-18, ethoxylate 68439-49-6	LC50	4 mg/l	Fish	48 h	Leuciscus idus	DIN 38412-15
2-methyl-p-phenylenediamine sulphate 615-50-9	LC50	12 mg/l	Fish			OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Resorcinol 108-46-3	LC50	34,7 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Leuciscus idus	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

## Toxicity (Daphnia):

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
ammonia, aqueous solution 1336-21-6	EC50	25,4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Fatty alcohol, C16-18, ethoxylate 68439-49-6	EC50	> 200 mg/l	Daphnia	24 h	Daphnia magna	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di- Me, hydrogen-terminated, polymers with polyethylene glycol bis(2-methyl-2-propen- 1-yl) ether, 3-[3-[bis( 1253692-80-6	EC50	> 100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Not specified	Not specified
2-methyl-p-phenylenediamine sulphate 615-50-9	EC50	1,6 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Resorcinol 108-46-3	EC50	0,8 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

## Toxicity (Algae):

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Acute	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		Toxicity Study	time		
ammonia, aqueous solution 1336-21-6	EC50	> 1.000 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Skeletonema costatum	ISO 10253 (Water quality)
Fatty alcohol, C16-18, ethoxylate 68439-49-6	EC50	65 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	DIN 38412-09
Resorcinol 108-46-3	EC10	120 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	ResultValue	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Fatty alcohol, C16-18, ethoxylate 68439-49-6	readily biodegradable	aerobic	71 - 75 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
2-methyl-p-phenylenediamine sulphate 615-50-9		aerobic	85 %	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn- Wellens/EMPA Test)
Resorcinol 108-46-3	readily biodegradable	aerobic	66,7 %	OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I))

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogKow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
2-methyl-p-phenylenediamine sulphate 615-50-9	0,16					
Resorcinol 108-46-3	0,8					

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Consider national regulations.

Special waste incineration or special disposal with the approval of the responsible local authority.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. **UN** number

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.4. Packing group

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.5. **Environmental hazards**

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations/information (Germany):

WGK: 2, water-endangering product. (German VwVwS of May 17, 1999)

Classification in conformity with the calculation method

Storage class according to TRGS 510:

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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# **Further information:**

This information is not related to the use of the product, it is based on our current level of knowledge.